

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1

**Financial Statements
With
Independent Auditors' Report**

**For the Year Ended
December 31, 2021**

San Miguel County Public Library District #1

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San Miguel County Public Library District #1 Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the San Miguel County Public Library District # 1 (the "District"), we offer this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the San Miguel County Public Library District # 1 for the year ended December 31, 2021. We encourage the readers to consider this Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this MD&A.

Financial Highlights

- The District's total assets exceeded its liabilities on December 31, 2021 by \$8,778,653. This represented an increase of \$504,228 from the net position at December 31, 2020 due to an increase in the Unrestricted Net Position. This perspective on net position includes spendable resources as well as the investment in buildings, collections and other capital assets of \$6,967,825.
- The District's total liabilities decreased by \$361,113 because of net pension, absences and accounts payable.
- As of December 31, 2021, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,289,063, an increase of \$534,016 in comparison to the prior year. The portion of the total fund balance for the General Fund that is unrestricted and available for spending at the District's discretion is \$1,772,033.
- Within the District's general operating fund, total actual revenues were \$49,329 higher than the 2021 final budget due to an increase in special ownership tax collections, donations, fees for services and grants; and total actual expenditures were \$434,537 less than the 2021 final budget due to lower than budgeted personnel, professional services and community relations expenses.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements - provide both short and long-term information about the District's financial status. These financial statements present a broad overview of the District's finances, similar in format to financial statements of a private-sector business. The statement of activities reports changes in the District's net position. This statement includes all of the District's revenues and expenses, regardless of when the cash is received or paid, as defined under the full accrual accounting method.

Fund Financial Statements:

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements focus on the activities of the District's individual governmental funds and are divided into two parts: 1) the "modified accrual basis statements" and 2) the "budgetary basis statements".

The financial statements on pages 5 and 6 of the audit focus on assets that can readily be converted into cash in the short term and liabilities that will be settled in the short term. Governmental funds in the "modified accrual basis statements" are reported using modified accrual accounting, which recognizes expenditures when the liability is incurred and revenue when measurable and available. The modified accrual accounting method provides a short-term spending focus, which helps the reader assess the amount of financial resources immediately available to finance the District's programs.

The annual budgets shown in the "budgetary basis statements" are prepared as described in Note 1. These budgets are presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting and are found in the Required Supplementary Information section.

The "budgetary basis statements" for the General Fund, Bond Fund, Debt Assistance Fund and Capital Building Reserve Fund demonstrate how the District complied with the year's approved budget. The "budgetary basis statements" are presented using the same classifications as those used in the legal budget document.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements:

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to fully understanding the financial statement data.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present the District's financial information as a whole.

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Current and Other Assets	6,670,051	5,898,044
Capital Assets, net	<u>6,967,825</u>	<u>7,169,516</u>
Total Assets	<u>13,637,876</u>	<u>13,067,560</u>
Deferred Outflows of Financial Resources	<u>674,185</u>	<u>647,695</u>
Total Assets and Outflows of Resources	<u>14,312,061</u>	<u>13,715,255</u>
Current Liabilities	106,116	116,134
Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>944,824</u>	<u>1,295,919</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>1,050,940</u>	<u>1,412,053</u>
Deferred Inflows of Financial Resources	<u>4,482,468</u>	<u>4,028,777</u>
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Financial Resources	<u>5,533,408</u>	<u>5,440,830</u>
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,967,825	7,169,516
Restricted Net Position	97,000	95,000
Unrestricted Net Position	<u>1,713,828</u>	<u>1,009,909</u>
Total Net Position	<u>8,778,653</u>	<u>8,274,425</u>

Net Position:

The District's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$8,778,653 as of December 31, 2021, an increase in the District's net position of \$504,228 during 2021. Of the net position \$6,967,825 is invested in capital assets, which includes land, buildings, library materials, furniture and equipment, less related debt. The District uses capital assets to provide services to patrons; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The remaining portions of the District's net position are classified as either restricted or unrestricted. The restricted assets include an emergency reserve of \$97,000. The remaining assets are unrestricted assets of \$1,713,828.

The District's Changes in Net Position

Condensed Statement of Activities

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$ 689	\$ 3,329
Operating Grants and Contributions	<u>28,409</u>	<u>35,381</u>
Total Program Revenues	<u>29,098</u>	<u>38,710</u>
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	3,013,792	2,952,703
Debt Service Property Taxes	-	-
Specific Ownership Taxes	151,150	134,948
Investment Earnings	1,588	20,283
Other Revenues	<u>9,789</u>	<u>10,454</u>
Total General Revenues	<u>3,176,319</u>	<u>3,118,388</u>
Total Revenues	3,205,417	3,157,098
Program Expenses		
General Government	<u>2,701,189</u>	<u>2,494,260</u>
Change in Net Position	504,228	662,838
Net Position, Beginning	<u>8,274,425</u>	<u>7,611,587</u>
Net Position, Ending	<u>\$ 8,778,653</u>	<u>\$ 8,274,425</u>

Fund Financial Analysis

On December 31, 2021, the District reported a combined fund balance for its governmental funds of \$3,289,063 of this amount, the Capital Building Reserve Fund balance of \$1,420,030 is restricted for the capital expenditures.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the calendar year 2021, the fund balance of the General Fund is \$1,869,033. Of that, \$97,000 is reserved for emergency under Tabor. The remaining fund balance of \$1,772,033 is available for future commitments and is unassigned fund balance.

The District receives 99 percent of its funding from property and specific ownership tax revenues. Salaries and benefits represent 61 percent of the District's total expenditures. Under the method of accounting used for the government-wide financial statements, library books and other collections are capitalized as assets and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Consequently, most of the year's expenditures for books and collections are not included in the "library materials" expense.

Capital Asset Discussion

The District's investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2021, totals \$6,967,825, net of accumulated depreciation. These assets include buildings, land, furniture, equipment, books, and audio visual equipment. Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of the financial statements.

Capital Assets

Changes in governmental activities capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance 12/31/20	Additions	Deletions & Transfers	Balance 12/31/21
Assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,792,407	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,792,407
Total assets being depreciated	<u>1,792,407</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,792,407</u>
Assets being depreciated				
Building and Infrastructure	9,221,825	21,971	-	9,243,796
Furniture and Equipment	857,834	-	5,000	852,834
Books	676,621	142,111	70,698	748,034
Music	45,324	2,265	4,838	42,751
Audiobooks	57,442	3,809	6,670	54,581
Videos	179,310	25,827	34,443	170,694
Other Collection	48,056	23,875	10,216	61,715
Total assets being depreciated	<u>11,086,412</u>	<u>219,858</u>	<u>131,865</u>	<u>11,174,405</u>
Less: Accumulated depreciation				
Building and Infrastructure	(4,247,443)	(241,503)	-	(4,488,946)
Furniture and Equipment	(750,317)	(24,576)	(5,000)	(769,893)
Books	(483,594)	(94,829)	(70,698)	(507,725)
Music	(39,046)	(3,428)	(4,838)	(37,636)
Audiobooks	(46,205)	(5,920)	(6,670)	(45,455)
Videos	(114,035)	(32,380)	(33,430)	(112,985)
Other Collection	(28,663)	(18,913)	(11,229)	(36,347)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(5,709,303)</u>	<u>(421,549)</u>	<u>(131,865)</u>	<u>(5,998,987)</u>
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 7,169,516</u>	<u>\$ (201,691)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,967,825</u>

Long-Term Debt Discussion

As of December 31, 2021, the District's total long-term debt obligation is \$944,824 which is \$361,095 less than the end of last year. Of this 2021 long-term debt amount, \$47,357 represents the liability for the employees' compensated absences and \$787,800 represents the liability for Net Pension Liability. Additional information regarding the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of the financial statements.

	Balance 1/1/21	Net Change	Balance 12/31/21	Due within One Year
Accrued Compensated Absences	\$ 44,601	\$ 2,756	\$ 47,357	\$ -

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget Outlook

Our 326-square-mile Library District is located in San Miguel County and serves an estimated population of 7,500. The District's service area is coterminous with San Miguel County School District No. R-1 (Telluride) and includes the communities of Telluride, Mountain Village, Ophir, and Sawpit, as well as certain unincorporated areas within the county. Tourism centered on the Telluride Ski Resort in the winter and numerous festivals in the summer drives the local economy. Despite the global coronavirus pandemic, the District's revenues were largely unaffected. Locally, unemployment decreased in 2021 to 3.0%, just below the statewide rate of 4.2% as the region recovered from the affects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the tourism economy.

Since 1999, the District has levied the maximum operating mill levy of 2.8 mills approved by voters in 1990 for its operating funds. In 2019 voters approved an additional mill levy to be collected annually to collect \$630,000 plus inflation and

growth. Thus in 2021 the District assessed 3.634 mills. The District benefits from its exemption from the voter-approved Taxpayer's Bill of Rights. The District's assessed valuation (AV) totaled about \$843 million in 2021. The AV figures represents the second year of an increase following an eleven percent decrease in 2014. Management believes that the property values and the tax base will increase, but that those gains will be vanquished by the decreases in the Assessment Rates. The District is concerned as the state Legislature has recently decreased the Assessment Rates for Residential and Commercial properties through 2025 and they have concerns about further reductions as the capricious legislative actions are top of mind as the District attempts to project revenues. Thus, projections will be cautious and uncertain as the assessment rates are a moving target. It is the hope that valuation increases will offset some of the losses, but it is certain that any revenue gains will be minimized by the assessment rate decreases.

The District has performed well financially in recent years by maintaining reserves above 30% of expenditures. The General Fund balance is very strong and in fiscal year 2021, the District had budgeted for a \$125,219 reduction in the General Fund balance but ended 2021 with a positive \$360,213 to the General Fund balance after the \$275,000 intrafund transfer to capital. The available General Fund balance is more than \$1 million. The District managed its expenditures, mainly through underspending in personnel, professional services and community relations. Property taxes accounted for 98% of General Fund revenues in fiscal year 2021. The available operating fund balance consists of the unassigned, assigned, and committed portions of the General Fund. The District maintains a financial policy to hold 30% of operating expenditures as its minimum general operating fund balance. The District does not carry a debt obligation bond.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the San Miguel County Public Library District #1, P.O. Box 2189, Telluride, Colorado 81435.

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FINANCIAL SECTION

Mayberry & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
Governmental Audit Quality Center
and Private Company Practice Section

Board of Directors
San Miguel County Public Library District #1
Telluride, Colorado

Independent Auditors' Report

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, major fund and aggregate remaining fund information of San Miguel County Public Library District #1, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise San Miguel County Public Library District #1's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, major fund and aggregate remaining fund information of the San Miguel County Public Library District #1 as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the San Miguel County Public Library District #1 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about San Miguel County Public Library District #1's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of San Miguel County Public Library District #1 internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt San Miguel County Public Library District #1's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

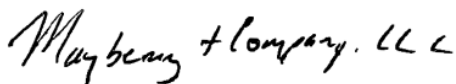
We have previously audited the San Miguel County Public Library District #1's 2020 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated June 2, 2021. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that a management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and historical pension information listed in the tables of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the San Miguel County Public Library District #1's basic financial statements. The individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual nonmajor fund financial statement fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Englewood, Colorado
June 3, 2022

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SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1

Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2021

ASSETS

Current Assets

Cash and investments	\$ 3,378,356
Cash with fiscal agent	10,703
Taxes receivable	3,274,872
Other receivables	225
Prepaid expenses	5,895
Total Current Assets	<u>6,670,051</u>

Noncurrent Assets

Capital assets not being depreciated	1,792,407
Capital assets being depreciated	5,175,418
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>6,967,825</u>
Total Assets	<u>13,637,876</u>

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES

Deferred outflows - Pension (net)	659,550
Deferred outflows - OPEB (net)	14,635
Total Deferred Outflows of Financial Resources	<u>674,185</u>

LIABILITIES

Current Liabilities

Accounts payable	84,564
Accrued wages and benefits	21,552
Total Current Liabilities	<u>106,116</u>

Noncurrent Liabilities

Net pension liability	787,800
Net OPEB liability	109,667
Accrued compensated absences	47,357
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>944,824</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>1,050,940</u>

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES

Deferred inflows - property taxes	3,274,872
Deferred inflows - Pension (net)	1,149,445
Deferred inflows - OPEB (net)	58,151
Total Deferred Inflows of Financial Resources	<u>4,482,468</u>

NET POSITION

Net investment in capital assets	6,967,825
Restricted net position	97,000
Unrestricted net position	1,713,828
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 8,778,653</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1

Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2021

<u>Function</u>	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Program Revenues</u>		<u>Net (Expense)</u>
		<u>Charges for</u>	<u>Operating</u>	<u>Revenue and</u>
		<u>Services</u>	<u>Grants and</u>	<u>Change in</u>
			<u>Contributions</u>	<u>Net Position</u>
				<u>Governmental</u>
				<u>Activities</u>
Governmental Activities:				
Library Services	\$ 2,701,189	\$ 689	\$ 28,409	\$ (2,672,091)
General Revenues				
Property Taxes				3,013,792
Specific Ownership Taxes				151,150
Investment earnings				1,588
Other Revenues				9,789
Total General Revenues				<u>3,176,319</u>
Change in Net Position				504,228
Net Position, Beginning				<u>8,274,425</u>
Net Position, Ending				<u><u>\$ 8,778,653</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
December 31, 2021
(With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2020)

	General Fund	Capital Building Reserve Fund	Total	
			2021	2020
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 1,964,221	\$ 1,414,135	\$ 3,378,356	\$ 2,840,614
Cash with fiscal agent	10,703	-	10,703	22,314
Taxes receivable	3,274,872	-	3,274,872	3,026,863
Other receivables	225	-	225	-
Prepaid expenses	-	5,895	5,895	8,253
Total Assets	<u>5,250,021</u>	<u>1,420,030</u>	<u>6,670,051</u>	<u>5,898,044</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND EQUITY				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	84,564	-	84,564	101,715
Accrued wages and benefits	21,552	-	21,552	14,419
Total Liabilities	<u>106,116</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>106,116</u>	<u>116,134</u>
Deferred Inflows of Financial Resources				
Deferred Property Taxes	<u>3,274,872</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,274,872</u>	<u>3,026,863</u>
Fund Equity				
Nonspendable fund equity	-	5,895	5,895	8,253
Restricted fund equity - Emergency reserve	97,000	-	97,000	95,000
Committed fund equity for fund purposes	-	1,414,135	1,414,135	1,244,661
Unassigned fund equity	<u>1,772,033</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,772,033</u>	<u>1,407,133</u>
Total Fund Equity	<u>1,869,033</u>	<u>1,420,030</u>	<u>3,289,063</u>	<u>2,755,047</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Equity	<u>\$ 5,250,021</u>	<u>\$ 1,420,030</u>	<u>\$ 6,670,051</u>	<u>\$ 5,898,044</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Balance to Governmental Activities Net Postion
December 31, 2021

Fund Balance - Governmental Funds \$ 3,289,063

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 1,792,407	
Capital assets being depreciated	11,174,405	
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(5,998,987)</u>	6,967,825

Certain long-term pension and OPEB related costs and adjustments are not available to pay or are not payable currently and are therefore no reported in the funds:

PERA Pension

Deferred outflows - Pension (net)	659,550	
Net pension liability	(787,800)	
Deferred intflows - Pension (net)	<u>(1,149,445)</u>	(1,277,695)

PERA Health Care Trust Fund (OPEB)

Deferred outflows - OPEB (net)	14,635	
Net OPEB liability	(109,667)	
Deferred intflows - OPEB (net)	<u>(58,151)</u>	(153,183)

Long-term liabilities, including capital leases and notes payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Accrued compensated absences		<u>(47,357)</u>
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Net Position - Governmental Activities **\$ 8,778,653**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance
Year Ended December 31, 2021
(With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2020)

	General Fund	Capital Building Reserve Fund	Total	
			2021	2020
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 3,164,942	\$ -	\$ 3,164,942	\$ 3,087,651
Intergovernmental	4,500	-	4,500	-
Charges for services	689	-	689	3,329
Other income	34,661	625	35,286	66,118
Total Revenues	3,204,792	625	3,205,417	3,157,098
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Personnel costs	1,220,720	-	1,220,720	1,151,080
Insurance benefits (inc Dist-wide HRA and Ins Cont)	227,641	-	227,641	178,774
Payroll taxes & pension (PERA - Soc Sec Equiv)	188,778	-	188,778	168,850
Workers comp insurance	3,025	-	3,025	3,239
Administration and Community Relations	213,046	-	213,046	239,925
Facility Maintenance	147,449	-	147,449	127,500
Public Services	350,272	-	350,272	337,281
Library Support Services	220,214	-	220,214	218,379
Capital Outlay	-	100,256	100,256	369,327
Total Expenditures	2,571,145	100,256	2,671,401	2,794,355
REVENUES IN EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF EXPENDITURES	633,647	(99,631)	534,016	362,743
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in (out)	(275,000)	275,000	-	-
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	358,647	175,369	534,016	362,743
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	1,510,386	1,244,661	2,755,047	2,392,304
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 1,869,033	\$ 1,420,030	\$ 3,289,063	\$ 2,755,047

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance
Year Ended December 31, 2021

Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds \$ 534,016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Pension and OPEB expense at the fund level represents cash contributions to the defined benefit plan.

For the activity level presentation, the amount represents the actuarial costs of the benefits for the fiscal year.

PERA Pension

Change in deferred outflows - pensions (net)	\$ 27,135	
Change in net pension liability	332,712	
Change in deferred intflows - pensions (net)	<u>(201,463)</u>	158,384

PERA Health Care Trust Fund (OPEB)

Change in deferred outflows - OPEB (net)	(645)	
Change in net OPEB liability	21,139	
Change in deferred inflows - OPEB (net)	<u>(4,219)</u>	16,275

Purchases of capital assets are expensed in the funds and depreciated for the statement of activities:

Purchase of capital assets	219,858	
Depreciation Expense	<u>(421,549)</u>	(201,691)

Other long-term liabilities are expensed in the funds and recorded as liabilities on the statement of net position:

Change in Accrued Compensated Absences:		<u>(2,756)</u>
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Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		<u><u>\$ 504,228</u></u>
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Basic Financial Statements

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The San Miguel County Public Library District #1 is incorporated as a library under the laws of the State of Colorado and is governed by a five-person board appointed in accordance with CRS 24-90-108(2)(c). The financial statements of District have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following summary of significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in evaluating the District's financial statements.

Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the District (the primary government) and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the appointed officials of the primary government are financially accountable, or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based upon the foregoing criteria, there are no component units included in the accompanying financial statements.

Nature of Operations

The District provides library services for the general public, primarily San Miguel County, Colorado and the surrounding area.

Basic Financial Statements

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial level. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Government-wide financial statements report information about the reporting government as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements focus on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the year. These aggregated statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or business-type activity. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or business-type activity and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or business type activity. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund financial statements report information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. All of the District's funds are classified as governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds would be consolidated into a single column in the financial section of the basic financial statements. The District does not have any Non-major funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, grant revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. An exception to this general rule is principal and interest on long-term debt which is recognized when due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

This fund accounts for the financial resources of the District which are not accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, intergovernmental revenue and interest. Primary expenditures are for library services and general administration. The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund.

Capital Building Reserve (Capital Projects) Fund

The Capital Building Reserve Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for approved capital expenditures.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budgets

The District adopts an annual budget for all funds which are all prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The District may authorize supplemental appropriations during the budget year. All budgetary appropriations lapse at year-end.

Colorado statutes provide the following timetable which is followed in the adoption of budgets:

- (1) Submission of the proposed budget to the local governing body by October 15 of each year.
- (2) Certification of mill levies to the Board of County Commissioners by December 15.
- (3) Final adoption of budget and appropriations by December 31 of each year.

The District provides the proposed budget to the Board of Trustees in September of each year prior to adoption. The legal level of adoption is at the fund level. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. The District adopted one supplemental budget for the year.

Encumbrances

The District does not report encumbered balances as of December 31, 2021 as all encumbrances lapse at year end.

Cash and Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market values, with the exception of money market funds and external investment pools. These are stated at cost, which is equal to fair value.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. The District considers all accounts receivable to be collectible and, accordingly, provides no allowance for doubtful accounts.

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources, as further described below in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities for the current period. At the end of the current year, these receivables consisted of property taxes levied in 2021 and due in 2022.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and a useful life of more than two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation on the remaining capital assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Infrastructure	25-40 years
Furniture and Equipment	3-10 years
Books and other collection items	3-5 years

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The government has several items that qualify for reporting in this category, all related to pension and OPEB liabilities as further described in Note 9 and Note 10.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District is reporting deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB liabilities as further described in Note 9 and Note 10 as well as the property tax mill levy certified in 2021. Since property tax revenues are collected in arrears during the succeeding year, a receivable and corresponding deferred inflow is recorded at December 31. As the tax is collected in the succeeding year, the deferred inflow is recognized as revenue and the receivable is reduced.

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is reported at face value, net of applicable discounts and deferred charge on refunding. Costs related to the issuance of debt are expensed when incurred. Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statements of net position. The District's only long-term obligations at December 31, 2021 are pension and OPEB liabilities as well as accrued compensated absences.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide financial statements consists of unpaid accumulated vacation and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated at 100% of the leave amounts for both employees who currently eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payment upon termination are included. As of December 31, 2012, any new accrued sick time will not be paid out upon termination. Sick time balances as of December 31, 2012 will continue to be eligible for payout on a vested schedule according to years of employment. Any accrued sick time used on or after January 1, 2013 is utilized on a first in, first out basis.

Net Position/Fund Balances Flow Assumptions

Occasionally the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider available restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is either shown as net investment in capital assets, with these assets essentially being nonexpendable; restricted when constraints placed on the net position are externally imposed; or unrestricted.

For the governmental fund presentation, fund balances that are classified as "nonspendable" include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts.

Amounts are reported as "restricted" when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors, reported and at their highest level of action are reported as "committed" fund balance. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (for example, legislation, resolution, ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as "assigned" fund balance. Intent should be expressed by (a) the governing body itself or (b) a body (a budget or finance committee, for example) or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

All remaining governmental balances or deficits in other governmental funds are presented as unassigned.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on November 1 and attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1. Taxes are payable in full on April 30 or in two installments on February 28 and June 15. The County Treasurer’s office collects property taxes and remits to the District on a monthly basis.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that affect amounts reported in the financial statements during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District’s cash and investment balances as of the year ended December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Cash Deposits	\$	46,345
Cash on Hand		100
Investments		<u>3,331,911</u>
Total Cash and Investments	\$	<u><u>3,378,356</u></u>

DEPOSITS

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government’s deposits may not be returned to it. The District’s deposit policy is in accordance with CRS 11-10.5-101, The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA), which governs the investment of public funds. PDPA requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels (\$250,000) must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. The financial institution is allowed to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. The institution’s internal records identify collateral by depositor and as such, these deposits are considered uninsured but collateralized. The State Regulatory Commissions for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and December 31, 2021, all of the District’s deposits as shown below were either insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized under PDPA and are therefore not deemed to be exposed to custodial credit risk.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

DEPOSITS

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

At December 31, 2021 the District's deposits are categorized as follows:

	<u>Bank Balance</u>	<u>Book Balance</u>
FDIC Insured	\$ 46,717	\$ 46,345

INVESTMENTS

Credit Risk

Colorado statutes specify which instruments units of local government may invest, which include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of the U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

The District's investment policy limits its investments to those allowed by Colorado Revised Statute 24-75-601.1 as described above.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the District invested funds in Colotrust. As an investment pool, it operates under the Colorado Revised Statutes (24-75-701) and is overseen by the Colorado Securities Commissioner. The pool invests in securities that are specified by Colorado Revised Statutes (24-75-601). Authorized securities include U.S. Treasuries, U.S. Agencies, commercial paper (rated A1 or better) and bank deposits (collateralized through PDPA). The pools operate similar to a 2a-7-like money market fund with a share value equal to \$1.00 and a maximum weighted average maturity of 60 days. The pool is rated AAAM by the Standard and Poor's Corporation. The balance of this investment as of December 31, 2021 was \$3,331,911.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Investments

The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. As of December 31, 2021, the District did not hold any investments requiring additional disclosure.

Interest Rate Risk - Investments

Colorado Statutes require that no investment may have a maturity in excess of five years from the date of purchase. The District has adopted a policy limiting maturities to three years.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter-party, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of December 31, 2021, the District did not hold any investments requiring safekeeping.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in governmental activities capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	<u>Balance 12/31/20</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions & Transfers</u>	<u>Balance 12/31/21</u>
Assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,792,407	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,792,407
Construction in Progress	-	-	-	-
Total assets being depreciated	<u>1,792,407</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,792,407</u>
Assets being depreciated				
Building and Infrastructure	9,221,825	21,971	-	9,243,796
Furniture and Equipment	857,834	-	5,000	852,834
Books	676,621	142,111	70,698	748,034
Music	45,324	2,265	4,838	42,751
Audiobooks	57,442	3,809	6,670	54,581
Videos	179,310	25,827	34,443	170,694
Other Collection	<u>48,056</u>	<u>23,875</u>	<u>10,216</u>	<u>61,715</u>
Total assets being depreciated	<u>11,086,412</u>	<u>219,858</u>	<u>131,865</u>	<u>11,174,405</u>
Less: Accumulated depreciation				
Building and Infrastructure	(4,247,443)	(241,503)	-	(4,488,946)
Furniture and Equipment	(750,317)	(24,576)	(5,000)	(769,893)
Books	(483,594)	(94,829)	(70,698)	(507,725)
Music	(39,046)	(3,428)	(4,838)	(37,636)
Audiobooks	(46,205)	(5,920)	(6,670)	(45,455)
Videos	(114,035)	(32,380)	(33,430)	(112,985)
Other Collection	<u>(28,663)</u>	<u>(18,913)</u>	<u>(11,229)</u>	<u>(36,347)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(5,709,303)</u>	<u>(421,549)</u>	<u>(131,865)</u>	<u>(5,998,987)</u>
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 7,169,516</u>	<u>\$ (201,691)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,967,825</u>

All depreciation is charged to the library services function for the statement of activities presentation.

NOTE 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions. The District participates in the Local Government Division Trust Fund (LGDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the LGDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

The Colorado General Assembly passed significant pension reform through Senate Bill (SB) 18-200: *Concerning Modifications To the Public Employees' Retirement Association Hybrid Defined Benefit Plan Necessary to Eliminate with a High Probability the Unfunded Liability of the Plan Within the Next Thirty Years*. The bill was signed into law by Governor Hickenlooper on June 4, 2018. A brief description of some of the major changes to plan provisions required by SB 18-200 for the SCHDTF are listed below. A full copy of the bill can be found online at www.leg.colorado.gov.

- Increases employee contribution rates for the LGDTF by a total of 2 percent (to be phased in over a period of 3 years starting on July 1, 2019).
- Modifies the retirement benefits, including temporarily suspending and reducing the annual increase for all current and future retirees, increases the highest average salary for employees with less than five years of service credit on December 31, 2019 and raises the retirement age for new employees.
- Member contributions, employer contributions, the direct distribution from the State, and the annual increases will be adjusted based on certain statutory parameters beginning July 1, 2020, and then each year thereafter, to help keep PERA on path to full funding in 30 years.
- Expands eligibility to participate in the PERA DC Plan to members of the Local Government Division hired on or after January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2021, and every year thereafter, employer contribution rates for the LGDTF will be adjusted to include a defined contribution supplement based on the employer contribution amount paid to defined contribution plan participant accounts that would have otherwise gone to the defined benefit trusts to pay down the unfunded liability plus any defined benefit investment earnings thereon.

Plan description. Eligible employees of the District are provided with pensions through the Local Government Division Trust Fund (LGDTF)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2020. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

As of December 31, 2018, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments in certain years, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Pursuant to SB 18-200, there are no annual increases (AI) for 2018 and 2019. Thereafter, benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment before January 1, 2007 and all benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive an annual increase, unless PERA has a negative investment year, in which case the annual increase for the next three years is the lesser of 1.5 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for the prior calendar year. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment after January 1, 2007 will receive the lessor of an annual increase of 1.5 percent or the average CPI-W for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the LGDTF. The automatic adjustment provision may raise or lower the aforementioned AI for a given year by up to one-quarter of 1 percent based on the parameters specified C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions provisions as of December 31, 2021: Eligible employees and the District are required to contribute to the LGDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, *et seq.* and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their PERA-includable salary during the period of January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. The employer contribution requirements during the period of January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021 are summarized in the table below:

	January 1, 2020 through June 30, 2020	July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020
Employer contribution rate	10.00%	10.50%
Amount of employer contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. 24-51-208(1)(f)	-1.02%	-1.02%
Amount apportioned to the LGDTF	8.98%	9.48%
Amortization equalization disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. 24-51-411	2.20%	2.20%
Supplemental amortization equalization disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. 24-51-411	1.50%	1.50%
Total employer contribution rate to the LGDTF	12.68%	13.18%

Contribution Rates for the LGDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the LGDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the LGDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the LGDTF from the District were \$137,993 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$787,800 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability for the LGDTF was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2020. The District proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District contributions to the LGDTF for the calendar year 2020 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the LGDTF.

At December 31, 2020, the District proportion was 0.15117 percent, which was a decrease of 0.00078 from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$8,248. At December 31, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 38,147	\$ -
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$ 190,380	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 275,902	\$ (1,142,389)
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions - Plan Basis	\$ -	\$ (7,056)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 155,121	\$ -
Total	\$ 659,550	\$ (1,149,445)

\$155,121 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:	Fiscal year Total
2022	\$ (118,563)
2023	(102,392)
2024	(289,601)
2025	(134,460)
Total	\$ (645,016)

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
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NOTE 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
Price inflation	2.40%
Real wage growth	1.10%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increase, including wage inflation	3.50-10.45%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Post retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07 and DPS benefit structure (automatic)	1.25% compounded annually
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06 (ad hoc, substantively automatic)	Financed by the Annual Increase Reserve (AIR)

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members reflect the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions reflect the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 73 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 108 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 78 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 109 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

The mortality assumption for disabled retirees was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019, valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by PERA’s Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA’s Board on November 20, 2020, and were effective as of December 31, 2020. The assumptions shown below were reflected in the roll forward calculation of the total pension liability from December 31, 2019, to December 31, 2020.

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increase, including wage inflation	3.20-11.30%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Post retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07 and DPS benefit structure (automatic)	1.25% compounded annually
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06 (ad hoc, substantively automatic)	Financed by the Annual Increase Reserve (AIR)

Salary scale assumptions were revised to align with revised economic assumptions and to more closely reflect actual experience.

Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 97 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 105 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The mortality tables described above are generational mortality tables on a benefit-weighted basis.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020. As a result of the November 20, 2020, PERA Board meeting, the following economic assumptions were changed, effective December 31, 2020:

- Price inflation assumption decreased from 2.40 percent per year to 2.30 percent per year.
- Real rate of investment return assumption increased from 4.85 percent per year, net of investment expense to 4.95 percent per year, net of investment expenses.
- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.50 percent per year to 3.00 percent per year.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the LGDTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25 percent long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
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NOTE 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives ¹	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

¹The Opportunity Fund's name changed to Alternatives, effective January 1, 2020

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The basis for the projections of liabilities and the FNP used to determine the discount rate was an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2019, and the financial status of the Trust Fund as of the prior measurement date (December 31, 2019). In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019, and effective July 1, 2020. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200. Employer contribution also includes current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103%, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions included reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, LGDTF’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the District proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (1,814,777)	\$ (787,800)	\$ 69,592

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the LGDTF’s fiduciary net position is available in PERA’s Annual Report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Voluntary Investment Program

Plan Description - Employees of the District that are also members of the LGDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S., as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available CAFR which includes additional information on the Voluntary Investment Program. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 4: PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Voluntary Investment Program (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, any employer contributions and investment earnings. For the year ended December 31, 2021, program members contributed \$5,017 to the Voluntary Investment Program.

NOTE 5: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

OPEB. The District participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan description. Eligible employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
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NOTE 5: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

General Information about the OPEB Plan

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

DPS Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for retirees who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for retirees who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum subsidy, in each case, is for retirees with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The retiree pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the HCTF or the DPS HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 5: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (Continued)

Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1) (f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the District were \$10,886 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$109,667 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2020. The District proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on District contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2020 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2020, the District proportion was 0.01154 percent, which was an increase of 0.00010 from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$4,270. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 340	\$ (24,260)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 1,445	\$ (5,997)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$ 845	\$ (6,725)
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions - Plan Basis	\$ -	\$ (21,169)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 12,005	\$ -
Total	\$ 14,635	\$ (58,151)

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 5: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

\$12,005 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:	Fiscal Year Totals
2022	\$ (15,721)
2023	(14,988)
2024	(12,737)
2025	(8,719)
2026	(3,157)
2027	(199)
Total	\$ (55,521)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
Price inflation	2.40%
Real wage growth	1.10%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increase, including wage inflation	3.50% in the aggregate
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Health care cost trend rates (PERA benefit structure):	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare plans	8.10% for 2020, gradually decreasing to 4.50% in 2029
Medicare Part A premiums	3.50% for 2020, gradually increasing to 4.50% in 2029

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age 65 or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A in the December 31, 2019, valuation, the following monthly costs/premiums (actual dollars) are assumed for 2020 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 5: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Medicare Plan	Cost for Members Without Medicare Part A	Premiums for Members Without Medicare Part A	Monthly Cost Adjstd to Age 65 w/o Medicare Part A
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Prescription	\$588	\$227	\$550
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	621	232	586

The 2020 Medicare Part A premium is \$458 (actual dollars) per month.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2019, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

Year	PERACare Medicare Plans	Medicare Part A Premiums
2020	8.10%	3.50%
2021	6.40%	3.75%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.70%	3.75%
2024	5.50%	4.00%
2025	5.30%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.00%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below were applied, as applicable, in the determination of the total OPEB liability for the HCTF. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 5: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 73 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 108 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 78 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 109 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School and Judicial Divisions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

The mortality assumption for disabled retirees was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019, valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by PERA's Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting.

Based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, and November 4, 2020, for the period of January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 20, 2020, and were effective as of December 31, 2020. The assumptions shown below were reflected in the roll forward calculation of the total OPEB liability from December 31, 2019, to December 31, 2020.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 5: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	70.00%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increase, including wage inflation	3.20% to 11.30%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%

Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.

Mortality assumptions used in the roll forward calculations for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below were applied, as applicable, in the roll forward calculation for the HCTF, using a headcount-weighted basis.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (Members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the PubS-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (Members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 94 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 90 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 87 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 107 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 5: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the unadjusted PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Healthy Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 105 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for Members other than State Troopers were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The mortality tables described above are generational mortality tables on a head-count weighted basis.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll forward calculation for the HCTF:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2020 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by the Board's actuary, as discussed above.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 5: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020. As a result of the November 20, 2020, PERA Board meeting, the following economic assumptions were changed, effective December 31, 2020:

- Price inflation assumption decreased from 2.40 percent per year to 2.30 percent per year.
- Real rate of investment return assumption increased from 4.85 percent per year, net of investment expenses to 4.95 percent per year, net of investment expenses.
- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.50 percent per year to 3.00 percent per year.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25 percent long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives ¹	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

¹The Opportunity Fund's name change to Alternatives, effective January 1, 2020

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 5: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates			
	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate	7.10%	8.10%	9.10%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare Part A trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB asset (liability)	\$ (106,832)	\$ (109,667)	\$ (112,967)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2020, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00 percent.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 5: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

- Estimated transfers of dollars into the HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the HCTF’s FNP was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

Sensitivity of the District proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate			
	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
Discount Rate	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB asset (liability)	\$ (125,625)	\$ (109,667)	\$ (96,032)

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF’s fiduciary net position is available in PERA’s Annual Report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a schedule of changes in debt for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	<u>Balance</u> <u>1/1/21</u>	<u>Net Change</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>12/31/21</u>	<u>Current</u> <u>Portion</u>
Accrued Compensated Absences	<u>\$ 44,601</u>	<u>\$ 2,756</u>	<u>\$ 47,357</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 7: FUND BALANCE RESERVATIONS/APPROPRIATIONS

Emergency Reserve

On November 3, 1992, the voters of Colorado approved Amendment 1, commonly known as the TABOR Amendment, which added a new Section 20 to Article X of the Colorado Constitution. TABOR contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations, which apply to the State of Colorado, all local governments, and special districts.

The District's financial activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 will provide the basis for calculation of future limitations adjusted for allowable increases tied to inflation and local growth. Subsequent to December 31, 2021, revenue in excess of the District's "spending limit" must be refunded unless voters approve the retention of such excess revenue. TABOR generally requires voter approval for any new tax, tax increases, and new debt.

At a November 1999 election, the electors of the District authorized the District to collect, retain and expend the full amount of the revenues generated from a 2.80 mill.

TABOR is extremely complex and subject to interpretation. Ultimate implementation may depend upon litigation and legislative guidance. District management believes the District is in compliance with the requirements of TABOR, however the District has made certain interpretations of the TABOR amendment's language in order to determine it is in compliance.

The Article requires an emergency reserve be set aside for 2021 in the amount of 3% or more of its fiscal year spending. At December 31, 2021, the District has reserved the following for emergencies:

General Fund	<u>\$97,000</u>
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NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District has joined together with other special districts in the State of Colorado to form the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (CSDPLP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member special districts. The District pays an annual premium to CSDPLP for its general property and liability and workers' compensation coverage. The intergovernmental agreement of the CSDPLP provides that CSDPLP will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$1 million for each insured event. The District has commercial insurance for other risks including employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 9: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The District recorded a routine transfer from General fund to Capital Building Reserve fund in the amount of \$275,000.

**Required Supplementary Information
(Pension and OPEB Schedules - Unaudited)**

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1

**SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE
NET PENSION ASSET (LIABILITY)
PERA Pension Plan
Last 10 Fiscal Years⁽¹⁾**

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>District's proportion of the net pension asset (liability)</u>	<u>District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)</u>	<u>District's covered payroll</u>	<u>proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) as a percentage of covered payroll</u>	<u>Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability</u>
12/31/2021	0.151172%	\$ (787,800)	\$1,088,273	72.39%	90.88%
12/31/2020	0.151956%	\$ (1,120,512)	\$1,046,443	107.08%	86.26%
12/31/2019	0.154354%	\$ (1,940,561)	\$1,012,397	191.68%	75.96%
12/31/2018	0.173365%	\$ (1,930,302)	\$1,093,659	176.50%	79.37%
12/31/2017	0.167425%	\$ (2,260,802)	\$1,014,803	222.78%	73.65%
12/31/2016	0.170904%	\$ (1,882,651)	\$ 970,607	193.97%	76.87%
12/31/2015	0.187690%	\$ (1,682,283)	\$1,028,454	163.57%	80.72%
12/31/2014	0.200252%	\$ (1,647,915)	\$1,068,360	154.25%	81.00%

Note: All amounts are as of plan calculation dates which are one fiscal year prior to the date shown.

⁽¹⁾ - Additional years will be added to this schedule as they become available.

See the accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

PERA Pension Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years⁽¹⁾

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Contractually required contributions</u>	<u>Actual contributions</u>	<u>Contribution deficiency (excess)</u>	<u>District's covered payroll</u>	<u>Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll</u>
12/31/2021	\$ 137,993	\$ 137,993	\$ -	\$ 1,088,273	12.68%
12/31/2020	\$ 132,689	\$ 132,689	\$ -	\$ 1,046,443	12.68%
12/31/2019	\$ 128,372	\$ 128,372	\$ -	\$ 1,012,397	12.68%
12/31/2018	\$ 138,676	\$ 138,676	\$ -	\$ 1,093,659	12.68%
12/31/2017	\$ 128,677	\$ 128,677	\$ -	\$ 1,014,803	12.68%
12/31/2016	\$ 123,073	\$ 123,073	\$ -	\$ 970,607	12.68%
12/31/2015	\$ 130,408	\$ 130,408	\$ -	\$ 1,028,454	12.68%
12/31/2014	\$ 135,468	\$ 135,468	\$ -	\$ 1,068,360	12.68%

Note: All amounts are as of plan calculation dates which are one fiscal year prior to the date shown.

⁽¹⁾ - Additional years will be added to this schedule as they become available.

See the accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1

**SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE
NET OPEB ASSET (LIABILITY)
PERA Health Care Trust Fund
Last 10 Fiscal Years⁽¹⁾**

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>District's proportion of the net OPEB asset (liability)</u>	<u>District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset (liability)</u>	<u>District's covered payroll</u>	<u>District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset (liability) as a percentage of covered payroll</u>	<u>Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability</u>
12/31/2021	0.0115411%	\$ (109,667)	\$ 1,067,255	10.28%	32.78%
12/31/2020	0.0116376%	\$ (130,806)	\$ 1,046,373	12.50%	24.49%
12/31/2019	0.0119701%	\$ (162,859)	\$ 1,012,353	16.09%	17.03%
12/31/2018	0.0134713%	\$ (175,073)	\$ 1,093,627	16.01%	17.53%
12/31/2017	0.0150827%	\$ (195,552)	\$ 1,014,804	19.27%	16.70%

Note: All amounts are as of plan calculation dates which are one fiscal year prior to the date shown.

⁽¹⁾ - Additional years will be added to this schedule as they become available.

See the accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

PERA Health Care Trust Fund

Last 10 Fiscal Years⁽¹⁾

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Contractually required contributions</u>	<u>Actual contributions</u>	<u>Contribution deficiency (excess)</u>	<u>District's covered payroll</u>	<u>Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll</u>
12/31/2021	\$ 10,886	\$ 10,886	\$ -	\$ 1,067,255	1.02%
12/31/2020	\$ 10,673	\$ 10,673	\$ -	\$ 1,046,373	1.02%
12/31/2019	\$ 10,326	\$ 10,326	\$ -	\$ 1,012,353	1.02%
12/31/2018	\$ 11,155	\$ 11,155	\$ -	\$ 1,093,627	1.02%
12/31/2017	\$ 10,351	\$ 10,351	\$ -	\$ 1,014,804	1.02%

Note: All amounts are as of plan calculation dates which are one fiscal year prior to the date shown.

⁽¹⁾ - Additional years will be added to this schedule as they become available.

See the accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

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Required Supplementary Information

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the
General Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2021
(With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2020)

	2021				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	2020 Actual
REVENUES					
Taxes					
Property	\$ 3,019,367	\$ 3,019,367	\$ 3,014,080	\$ (5,287)	\$ 2,961,940
Specific ownership	90,000	90,000	151,150	61,150	134,948
Interest and penalties on delinquents	3,500	3,500	6,792	3,292	8,959
Refunds and abatements	7,496	7,496	(7,080)	(14,576)	(18,196)
Total taxes	<u>3,120,363</u>	<u>3,120,363</u>	<u>3,164,942</u>	<u>44,579</u>	<u>3,087,651</u>
Intergovernmental	-	-	4,500	4,500	-
Charges for services					
Copier and fax charges	100	100	-	(100)	2,495
Fines and fees	4,500	4,500	689	(3,811)	834
Total charges for services	<u>4,600</u>	<u>4,600</u>	<u>689</u>	<u>(3,911)</u>	<u>3,329</u>
Other income					
Contributions	14,000	14,000	23,909	9,909	35,381
Investment earnings	13,000	13,000	963	(12,037)	10,788
Other miscellaneous	3,500	3,500	9,789	6,289	4,780
Total other income	<u>30,500</u>	<u>30,500</u>	<u>34,661</u>	<u>4,161</u>	<u>50,949</u>
Total Revenues	<u>3,155,463</u>	<u>3,155,463</u>	<u>3,204,792</u>	<u>49,329</u>	<u>3,141,929</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Administration and Community Relations					
Personnel costs	279,373	279,372	204,081	75,291	191,012
Insurance benefits (inc Dist-wide HRA and Ins Cont)	28,500	28,500	51,629	(23,129)	37,875
Payroll taxes & pension (PERA - Soc Sec Equiv)	86,333	86,333	34,090	52,243	24,880
Workers comp insurance (District-wide)	86,333	4,000	3,025	975	3,239
Community relations	28,950	28,950	15,843	13,107	18,618
Human resources	44,500	44,500	31,833	12,667	23,361
Professional services	137,000	137,000	26,359	110,641	58,828
Supplies	9,500	9,500	7,975	1,525	6,283
Treasurer's fees	90,581	90,581	90,430	151	88,614
Other	35,750	35,750	40,606	(4,856)	44,219
Total Administration and Community Relations	<u>826,820</u>	<u>744,486</u>	<u>505,871</u>	<u>238,615</u>	<u>496,929</u>
Facility Maintenance					
Personnel costs	-	-	46,517	(46,517)	42,324
Insurance benefits	-	-	6,205	(6,205)	5,769
Payroll taxes & pension (PERA - Soc Sec Equiv)	-	-	5,045	(5,045)	6,065
Repairs and maintenance	107,700	107,700	88,316	19,384	73,341
Utilities	76,000	76,000	59,133	16,867	54,159
Total Facility Maintenance	<u>183,700</u>	<u>183,700</u>	<u>205,216</u>	<u>(21,516)</u>	<u>181,658</u>

See accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the
General Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2021
(With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2020)
(Continued)

	2021			Variance with Final Budget	2020 Actual
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		
EXPENDITURES (Continued)					
Current: (Continued)					
Public Services					
Personnel costs	708,289	708,289	656,126	52,163	605,437
Insurance benefits	-	-	116,771	(116,771)	88,113
Payroll taxes & pension (PERA - Soc Sec Equiv)	251,570	251,570	101,100	150,470	89,718
Adult materials	244,600	244,600	241,030	3,570	234,197
Teen materials	7,300	7,300	6,087	1,213	6,758
Youth materials	22,300	22,300	21,466	834	21,588
Spanish Materials	17,500	17,500	11,011	6,489	14,618
Library programs	76,000	76,000	70,678	5,322	59,316
Other expenses	2,000	2,000	-	2,000	805
Total Public Services	<u>1,329,559</u>	<u>1,329,559</u>	<u>1,224,269</u>	<u>105,290</u>	<u>1,120,550</u>
Library Support Services					
Personnel costs	333,829	333,829	313,996	19,833	312,307
Insurance benefits	-	-	53,036	(53,036)	47,017
Payroll taxes & pension (PERA - Soc Sec Equiv)	112,408	112,408	48,543	63,865	48,187
Materials Management	16,000	16,000	15,366	634	11,502
Technical Services	235,700	235,700	204,848	30,852	206,878
Total Library Support Services	<u>697,937</u>	<u>697,937</u>	<u>635,789</u>	<u>62,148</u>	<u>625,891</u>
Contingency	-	50,000	-	50,000	-
Total Expenditures	<u>3,038,016</u>	<u>3,005,682</u>	<u>2,571,145</u>	<u>434,537</u>	<u>2,425,028</u>
REVENUES IN EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF EXPENDITURES	117,447	149,781	633,647	483,866	716,901
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in (out)	(275,000)	(275,000)	(275,000)	-	(275,000)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(157,553)	(125,219)	358,647	483,866	441,901
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	956,150	956,150	1,510,386	554,236	1,068,485
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	<u>\$ 798,597</u>	<u>\$ 830,931</u>	<u>\$ 1,869,033</u>	<u>\$ 1,038,102</u>	<u>\$ 1,510,386</u>

See accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

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Other Supplementary Information

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT #1
 Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the
 Capital Building Reserve Fund
 Year Ended December 31, 2021
 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2020)

	2021				2020 Actual
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Other income					
Investment earnings	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 625	\$ (14,375)	\$ 9,495
Other miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	5,674
Total Revenues	<u>15,000</u>	<u>15,000</u>	<u>625</u>	<u>(14,375)</u>	<u>15,169</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Capital Outlay	378,500	378,500	100,256	278,244	369,327
Contingency	-	50,000	-	50,000	-
Total Expenditures	<u>378,500</u>	<u>428,500</u>	<u>100,256</u>	<u>328,244</u>	<u>369,327</u>
REVENUES IN EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF EXPENDITURES	(363,500)	(413,500)	(99,631)	313,869	(354,158)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in (out)	25,000	25,000	275,000	250,000	275,000
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(338,500)	(388,500)	175,369	563,869	(79,158)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	<u>1,249,319</u>	<u>1,249,319</u>	<u>1,244,661</u>	<u>(4,658)</u>	<u>1,323,819</u>
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	<u>\$ 910,819</u>	<u>\$ 860,819</u>	<u>\$ 1,420,030</u>	<u>\$ 559,211</u>	<u>\$ 1,244,661</u>

See accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.